



PSEVEN USER CONFERENCE 2022 October 12, 2022

Thermal exchange and friction coefficients optimization of the numerical modeling of hot rolling

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WHO ARE WE ?

- Acciaierie Bertoli Safau (ABS) is the Steelmaking division of DANIELI Group
- ABS Centre Métallurgique (ACM) is the research center of ABS

ACM missions:

- Improvement of ABS processes
- Development of new products
- Technical support with ABS customers
- External offer of technical services



2022/10/12

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Markets: Automotive & Trucks, Oil & Gas, Wind power, ...



« DIGITAL TWIN » PROJECTS



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ROLLING PROCESS : HOT ROLLING OF LONG PRODUCTS

Section reduction of blooms

Suited for further manufacturing process





Improvement of material properties

- Improvement of central soundness
 - Healing of shrinkage pores
 - Fracturing of inclusion clusters
- Refinement of structure





Shrinkage pores (µCT)



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A numerical model, why?

- To prepare the rolling of specific steel grades
- To optimize the operating parameters
- To limit the trials

A numerical model, how?

Model needs to be calibrated/validated

- Numerous material parameters needed
- Computational power needed



CASE STUDY – ROLLING SIMULATION OF ROTOFORGIA MILL

Rotoforgia mill of Marte line

Large product rolling mill





- Studied rolling sequence : round bloom D750 mm to square ca. 440 mm
 - 35CrMo4 steel
 - 8 rolling stand with alternated loading direction



ROLLING SIMULATIONS – MODEL PARAMETERS

Material behavior

Compression test to calibrate phenomenological model

- Hensel-Spittel model
- Ranges of identification
 - Temperature 1250 900°C
 - Strain 0 0.8
 - Strain rate 0.01 10 s⁻¹







ROLLING SIMULATIONS – OPTIMIZATION RANGES

Parameters Optimization : range with physical meaning for hot-rolling

Parameters initial cooling (descaling)

	Text_cooling (°C)	Eps_cooling	Htc_cv_cooling (W.m ⁻² .K ⁻¹)
Range	20- 200	0.65-0.95	7-24

Parameters rolling and cooling

	Text (°C)	Tdie (°C)	Eps	Htc_cv (W.m ⁻² .K ⁻¹)	Htc_cd (kW.m ⁻² .K ⁻¹)	m
Range	20-50	25-200	0.8 -0.88	7-24	1-25	0.65-1

\rightarrow 9 parameters to be defined during the optimization procedure

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ROLLING SIMULATIONS – OPTIMIZATION PROCEDURE Optimization of friction and thermal exchange Roll Improvement of the prediction of experimental results (rolling force) Bloom • Cost function $Fc = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{9} \frac{(\overline{Frexp_i} - \overline{Fsim_i})^2}{\|\overline{Frexp}\|^2}}$ Initial Cooling Optimization procedure DSeven Pass1 Automated pre-processing Interpass Cooling 1-2 Transition DRGE Pass 2 **Optimization process** FE simulation Interpass Cooling 7-8 Transition P7P8 Pass 8

Run Index 2022/10/12

Cost Function

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Automated post-processing

Final cooling

DSeven

ROLLING SIMULATIONS – OPTIMIZATION WORKFLOW

Use of the DSE module of pSeven



ROLLING SIMULATIONS – PRE-PROCESSING AUTOMATION



A. CONFIGURATION OF COOLING STAGES Modification of thermal parameters in the initial simulation model

B. CONFIGURATION OF ROLLING STAGES C. COMPUTATION RUN Modification of thermal and friction parameters in the initial simulation model

-⊕ | ≡

Test value

0.8600

1100.0

11.0

0.2200

0.1100

122.0

25.0

+ _

Туре

RealScalar

RealScalar

RealScalar

RealScalar

RealScalar

RealScalar

RealScalar



Automated field recognition in text files using templates



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Ports

input

input

input

input

input

input

input

ROLLING SIMULATIONS – POST-PROCESSING AUTOMATION



A. EXTRACTION OF EXPERIMENTAL DATA Torque, Surface Temperature, **Rolling Force**

C. EXTRACTION OF SIMULATED TORQUES

Data extraction, computation of mean torques (monitoring)

B. EXTRACTION OF SIMULATED FORCES

Data extraction, computation of mean forces, computation of **cost function**

D. EXTRACTION OF SIMULATED SURFACE TEMPERATURE

Automation of post-processing of Forge® (GLView), computation of mean temperature (monitoring)

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ROLLING SIMULATIONS – POST-PROCESSING FORCES



ROLLING SIMULATIONS – POST-PROCESSING TEMPERATURES



A. EXTRACTION OF RESULTS

Extraction of sensor coordinate, export of the node list of the rolled bloom at final state

B. GENERATION OF SURFACE TEMPERATURE

Draw of the temperature profile on a line located on the bloom surface on the section containing the internal sensor and mean temperature computation



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OPTIMIZATION RESULTS

Cost-function evolution

• 75 run in approx. 25 days



Correlation Diagram

	U U									
HTC Convection		0.12 0.32	0.064 0.587	0.19 0.105	-0.026 0.823	-0.03 0.8	-0.27 0.0189	0.26 0.0262	0.033 0.782	0.49 0.00000432
HTC Conduction	0.12 0.32		0.18 0.12	0.26 0.0221	0.047 0.69	0.12 0.29	-0.14 0.249	0.058 0.62	0.11 0.346	0.45 0.0000331
Emissivity	0.064 0.587	0.18 0.12		0.18 0.122	-0.14 0.231	0.062 0.598	-0.026 0.827	0.21 0.0715	0.092 0.435	0.53 5.47e-7
Friction coeff.	0.19 0.105	0.26 0.0221	0.18 0.122		0.005 0.966	0.11 0.337	-0.13 0.254	0.098 0.403	0.16 0.183	0.37 0.00112
T°C die	-0.026 0.823	0.047 0.69	-0.14 0.231	0.005 0.966		-0.14 0.239	0.17 0.136	-0.022 0.853	-0.24 0.0406	-0.13 0.275
T°C air	-0.03 0.8	0.12 0.29	0.062 0.598	0.11 0.337	-0.14 0.239		0.00091	-0.01 0.93	-0.056 0.637	0.052 0.662
T°C air (ini. cool)	-0.27 0.0189	-0.14 0.249	-0.026 0.827	-0.13 0.254	0.17 0.136	0.00091 0.994		-0.1 0.384	-0.14 0.235	-0.28 0.0146
Emissivity (ini. cool)	0.26 0.0262	0.058 0.62	0.21 0.0715	0.098 0.403	-0.022 0.853	-0.01 0.93	-0.1 0.384		0.21 0.0751	0.77 2.67e-18
HTC Conv. (ini. cool.)	0.033 0.782	0.11 0.346	0.092 0.435	0.16 0.183	-0.24 0.0406	-0.056 0.637	-0.14 0.235	0.21 0.0751		0.36 0.00128
Cost Function	0.49 0.00000432	0.45 0.0000331	0.53 5.47e-7	0.37 0.00112	-0.13 0.275	0.052 0.662	-0.28 0.0146	0.77 2.67e-18	0.36 0.00128	

- Strongest impact of emissivity of initial cooling on forces CF
- Strong impact of thermal parameters in general

\rightarrow Necessity to model the initial cooling with high precision

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OPTIMIZATION RESULTS





→ Improvement of rolling force prediction (in comparison with old trial/error technique)
→ Optimization of final temperature prediction

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CONCLUSIONS AND PERSPECTIVES

Conclusions

- Improved rolling modelling using optimization performed by pSeven
 - Automated procedure of calibration
 - Wide population tested
 - Identification of the most impacting physical phenomenon / stage of the process

Built pSeven workflow

- Use of template to modify/extract configurations/results file of Forge
- Use of relative file path in pSeven workflow
- Convention of process stage naming in the simulation
 - \rightarrow Fast adaptation of the workflow to other rolling sequences
- Perspectives
 - Model improvement (initial cooling phase)
 - Model exploitation
 - Analysis of thermomechanical fields (damage criterion evaluation ...)
 - Internal pore closure analysis

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